## Autumn 1 overview 2024

## Cycle A LKS2

Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Week commencing	05.09.23	11.09.23	18.09.23	25.09.23	02.10.23	09.10.23	16.10.23
Geography: Climate and Weather Why is climate important?	WALT: To recap weather, and start to learn about climate, climate zones and biomes.  Key Question: What are weather, climate and biomes?  WILF: I understand that there is a pattern to weather and seasons in my own and other environments.  I understand that these climate patterns are different in different regions of the world.  I can use a map of world, annual average air temperatures and/or a globe to describe the world climate zones from the Poles to the equator.	WALT: To find out about the polar climate zone, and to learn about the tundra biome.  Key Question: What are the polar regions like?  WILF: I know where the coldest places on Earth are in relation to the equator and Poles.  I can describe the polar climate, and characteristics of the polar climate zone.  I can talk about the animals of the tundra biome.  Resources: Teaching slides  Pupil resource – Map of world annual average air temperatures (from Week 1)	WALT: To find out about the hottest, driest places on Earth and the tropical desert climate zone.  Key Question: Where are the hottest, driest places in the world?  WILF: I know where (some of) the hottest, driest places on Earth are, in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.  I know what the 'tropical desert climate' and 'tropical desert climate' and 'tropical desert biome' are.  I can say what climate zones and biomes are.  Resources: Teaching slides  Glossary  Pupil resource – Map of	WALT: To find out about the hottest, wettest places on Earth, and something of the tropical rainforest biome  Key Question: Where are the hottest, wettest places in the world?  WILF: I know where (some of) the hottest, wettest places on Earth are, in relation to the equator, and North and South Poles.  I know what 'tropical rainforest climate' and 'rainforest biome' mean.  I can say what climate zones and biomes are.  Resources: Teaching slides  Pupil resource — Monsoon in maps —	WALT: To learn about the temperate climate zone and the deciduous forest biome, and to begin to consider climate change.  Key Question: Which climate zone and biome do we live in?  WILF: I can describe the seasonal weather associated with a temperate climate (in the UK).  I can describe some ways in which the temperate climate affects human activities in the UK.  I can describe some effects of extreme climatic events in the UK.  Resources: Teaching slides	WALT: To produce a report based on how climate and biome affects lives, and to use appropriate geographical vocabulary learned during the topic  Key Question: Why is climate important?  WILF: I understand the geographical terms of weather, climate and biomes.  I can use research techniques to produce my report.  I can communicate my geographical report in an appropriate way.  Resources: Teaching slides  Pupil resource – Climate alternative assessment	Black History Month Week of Lessons WALT: WILF: Resources:
	Resources:		world annual average	PowerPoint			

	Teaching slides  Glossary  Pupil resource – Let's start with weather PowerPoint  Pupil resource – Map of our world  Pupil resource – Map of world annual average air temperatures  Pupil resource – Climate zones – PowerPoint  Pupil resource – Map of world climate zones  Weather forecast – link  A globe (optional)	Pupil resource – Map of the Arctic  Pupil resource – Map of the Antarctic  Pupil resource – Polar summer – PowerPoint  Pupil resource – Map of world climate zones (from Week 1)  Pupil resource – Five coldest places on Earth  Pupil resource – Coldest places map  Assessment 1: Characteristics of the Arctic and Antarctic Polar Regions  Assessment 2: Characteristics of the Arctic and Antarctic Polar Regions – with a choice of difficulty  Glossary	air temperatures (from Week 1)  Pupil resource – Map of world climate zones (from Week 1)  Google Earth – link  Pupil resource – Hot, arid deserts – PowerPoint  Pupil resource – Map of world rainfall  Information on hot desert biomes – link  Pupil resource – Five hottest places on Earth worksheet and information sheet  Ten hottest places on Earth – link  Pupil resource – The Big Finish  Teacher notes – The Big Finish  An atlas (optional)	Pupil resource – Map of world rainfall (from Week 3)  Pupil resource – Map of world climate zones (from Week 1)  A globe or map (optional)  The monsoon in the Indian rainforest – link  Torrential monsoon rain in my village near Udupi – link  Meghalaya: the wettest place on earth – link  Assessment 4: What I have learned so far	Pupil resources – Map of world annual average air temperatures (from Week 1)  Pupil resources – Map of world climate zones (from Week 1)  Pupil resources – Map of world rainfall (from Week 3)  Globe  Google Earth – link  Nature table (optional)  Newsround's What is climate change? – link  What is global climate change? – link  What is climate change?  – link  A simple guide to identifying British trees  – link	Pupil resource – Climate alternative assessment – answers  Access to the resources used earlier in this Unit, including globes, maps, Google™ Earth, and any relevant books in the school library  Unit quiz  Key assessment opportunity sheet	
Science Food and Our Bodies		WALT: To sort foods into food groups and find out about the nutrients that different foods provide.  WILF: Gathering, recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions.  Identify that animals, including humans, need	WALT: To explore the nutritional values of different foods by gathering information from food labels.  WILF: Gathering, recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions.  Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and	WALT: To sort animal skeletons into groups, discussing patterns and similarities and differences.  WILF: Gathering, recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions.  Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for	WALT: To investigate an idea about how the human skeleton supports movement.  WILF: Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement.  Setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests.	WALT: To explain how bones and muscles work together to create movement.  WILF: Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement.  Recording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled	WALT: To design and carry out my own investigation.  WILF: Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement.  Asking relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer them.

	am tha the nut eat	nount of nutrition, and at they cannot make eir own food; they get utrition from what they bt.	amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat.  Resources:	support, protection and movement.  Resources:	Making systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers.  Resources:	diagrams, keys, bar charts, and tables  Resources:	Setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests.  Making systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers.  Resources:
Design Technology Food – Eating Seasonally	To aff  WI I kannon ground in the concolor of	VALT:  o know that climate fects food growth.  VILF: know that not all fruits and vegetables can be fown in the UK.  Know that each fountry has its own fimate.  Understand that these ferent fruits and fegetables to grow.  Can consider hygiene then preparing food.  Can use cooking quipment safely.  PESOURCES:  Resources:  Resources:	WALT: To understand the advantages of eating seasonal foods grown in the UK.  WILF: I know that imported food will have travelled from far away and has an impact on the environment.  I know that vegetables and fruit grow in certain seasons and that in the UK we often import food from other countries when it is not in season.  Resources:  Watch Teacher video: British seasonal foods  Pupil video: Fruit crumble  Have ready Video: 'BBC teach video-Where does our	WALT: To create a recipe that is healthy and nutritious using seasonal vegetables and fruits.  WILF: I know what foods are currently in season.  I am aware that each vegetable and fruit gives us nutritional benefits.  I can design a puff pastry tart using seasonal vegetables and fruits.  I can describe my puff pastry tart and the benefits of its ingredients.  Resources:  Have ready Presentation: Rainbow food (see Attention grabber)  Tablets or computers — one between two pupils.	WALT: To safely follow a recipe when cooking.  WILF: I know how to prepare a kitchen to cook in. I know how to prepare myself to start cooking. I know the basic rules of food contamination. I can use, store and clean a knife safely. I can follow a recipe to make a tart.  Resources:  Watch Teacher video: Making tarts Pupil video: Making tarts Have ready Ingredients and equipment for making the seasonal tarts check	WALT: WILF: Resources:	WALT: WILF: Resources:

	Ingredients and equipment lister Teacher resource Japanese fruit she recipe (see Class resources). (Bananas Water Strawberries Lyc Skewers  Print Activity: Where world? (see Classroom resources) optional – one between two put Activity: Map of (see Classroom resources) - one two pupils  Activity: Japanes skewers recipe (see Classroom electron e	Tablets/computers (one between two pupils) to look for images of fruits and vegetables  Ingredients and equipment for making the fruit crumble check Teacher resource: Fruit crumble recipe (see Classroom resources)  Print Activity: UK seasonal foods.  Activity: Seasonal food wheel – enlarge to A3, ideally.  Activity: Fruit crumble recipe – one per group.  In the ord esources)  Tablets/computers (one between two pupils) to look for images of fruits and vegetables  Ingredients and equipment for making the fruit crumble recipe (see Classroom resources)  Print Activity: UK seasonal food wheel – enlarge to A3, ideally.  Activity: Fruit crumble recipe – one per group.  Teacher resource: Fruit crumble recipe – one copy.	Print Activity: UK seasonal foods (see Classroom resources from 'Lesson 2: British seasonal foods')	Teacher resource: Seasonal tart recipe (see Classroom resources).  Print Activity: Seasonal tart recipe – one per pupil.		
Music Vikings	WALT: To sing in time others  WILF: I can move and the same time my classmates  I can learn new and follow a tu I can say what to do better new Resources: Watch	WILF: I can sing in time with the music. I can follow the tune. I can move in time to the music.  We need I can identify how to	WALT: To recognise simple rhythmic notation by ear and by sight  WILF: I can recognise and name note rhythms when I hear them I can recognise and name note rhythms when I see them  Resources: Watch	WALT: To use simple rhythmic notation to compose a Viking battle song  WILF: I can perform rhythms accurately from notation I can layer rhythms to create a piece of music I can add instrumental sound effects to a piece of music  Resources: Watch	WALT: To perform music with confidence and discipline  WILF: I can perform with confidence  I can perform in time and in tune with others  Resources: Watch  Teacher video: Here come the Vikings!  Have ready	WALT: WILF: Resources:

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	Teacher video: Here come	Watch	Teacher video: Viking	Teacher video: Viking	Untuned percussion
	the Vikings!	Teacher video: Sing like a	notation	battle song	instruments
		Viking			
	Have ready		Teacher video: Here	Have ready	Groups' Activity: Viking
	Presentation: Dragon	Have ready	come the Vikings!	Untuned percussion	notation flashcards and/or
	Ships performance track	Presentation: Dragon	3	instruments	Activity: Viking notation
	audio (see Main event)	Ships backing track	Teacher video: Sing like	_	extension flashcards from
		audio file (see Main event)	a Viking	Presentation: Viking	'Lesson 4: Viking song
	Link: 'BBC Learning - Who		a viking	notation (see Attention	battle' (they should be
	were the Vikings?'	Presentation: Dragon	Have ready	grabber) – this is the same	stuck down in order)
	A 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	Ships performance	Have ready	presentation as shown in	
	A tablet/camera to record	track audio file (see Main	Presentation: Dragon	'Lesson 3: Viking notation'	
	the performance	event)	Ships backing track	During	
	Print	Children's copies of the	audio file (see Main	Print Activity: Viking rhythm	
	Activity: Dragon Ships	Activity: Dragon Ships	event)	flashcards (see Classroom	
	lyrics (see Classroom	lyrics from 'Lesson 1: Here		resources) – cut out, one	
	resources) – one per pupil	come the Vikings' (or see	Presentation: Dragon	set of flashcards between	
	Tesources, one per pupil	Classroom resources)	Ships performance	group of four or five	
	Activity: Dragon Ships	2.333.03	track audio file (see	0.00p 0. 10di 01 1140	
	sheet music (see	Teacher's copy of Dragon	Main event)	Activity: Viking notation	
	Classroom resources) –	Ships sheet music from		extension flashcards (see	
	one copy for the teacher	'Lesson 1: Here come the	Presentation: Viking	Classroom resources) –	
		Vikings' (or see Classroom	notation (see	cut out, one set of	
		resources)	Wrapping up)	flashcards between group	
				of four or five	
		A tablet/camera to record	Activity: Viking notation		
		the performance	handout (see		
			Classroom resources) –		
			one per pair of pupils		
			ka a. kaka		
			Activity: Viking notation		
			extension handout (see		
			Classroom resources) –		
			for pairs of pupils		
			familiar with staff		
			notation		
			ווטנמנוטוו		
			Children's senies of the		
			Children's copies of the		
			Activity: Dragon Ships		
			lyrics from 'Lesson 1:		
			Here come the Vikings'		
			(or see Classroom		
			resources)		
			Teacher's copy of the		
			Activity: Dragon Ships		
			sheet music from		
			'Lesson 1: Here come		
			the Vikings' (or see		
			Classroom resources)		
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P.S.H.E. Living in a Wider World: differences between British and global communities	Rules and Law – part 1  WALT: To learn about why rules are made and how they keep us safe.  WILF: To give reasons and practical examples for why different rules are needed in different situations.  To describe what might happen if rules and laws are broken.  To explain how rules keep us safe.  Resources: Optional: Slides 8-11 could be printed out and used as worksheets	To give reasons and practical examples for why different rules are needed in different situations.  To describe what might happen if rules and laws are broken.  To explain how rules keep us safe.  Resources: Optional: Slides 8-11 could be printed out and used as worksheets	Communities – part 1  WALT: To learn about the similarities and differences between my local and global communities.  WILF: To recognise the different groups that make up my community.  To describe the rights and responsibilities of being in a community.  To explain what a global community is and the difference between global and local communities.  Resources: Worksheet 1 (LiWW 3.1) can be printed out for pupils individually or one between two.	Communities – part 2  WALT: To learn about the similarities and differences between my local and global communities.  WILF: To recognise the different groups that make up my community.  To describe the rights and responsibilities of being in a community.  To explain what a global community is and the difference between global and local communities.  Resources:	Work & Money –part 1  WALT: To learn about the connection between earning money and jobs.  WILF: To recognise where adults get their money from and how work can enhance life and the way we feel about ourselves.  To explain what it means to be enterprising.  To describe or demonstrate some of the qualities and skills that are needed to be enterprising.  Resources: Worksheet 1 (LiWW 3.2) Card sort – print out one between two and cut up, scissors needed.	Work & Money – part 2  WALT: To learn about the connection between earning money and jobs.  WILF: To recognise where adults get their money from and how work can enhance life and the way we feel about ourselves.  To explain what it means to be enterprising.  To describe or demonstrate some of the qualities and skills that are needed to be enterprising.  Resources: Internet / computer access needed  https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IGDE9Aws9ws – (1:20 mins) Ways to make money from £5  https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AOGDNYWfjr E – (2:37 mins) Teenage entrepreneurs  https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1jFMLSPVKIg – (1:27 mins) Selling eggs
P.E Dance	WALT: THEME: Country and Western To use straight pathways and clear changes in direction in a line dance.	WALT: THEME: Country and Western To use canon and unison to make our line dance look interesting. WILF:	WALT: THEME: Country and Western To use formations, canon and unison to make our line dance look interesting.	WALT: THEME: Superpowers To remember, repeat and create actions around a theme. WILF:	WALT: THEME: Superpowers To understand and use formations.  WILF: Use counts of 8 to help you to stay in time with	WALT: THEME: Superpowers To structure a dance to represent a theme.  WILF: Work with your partner, sharing ideas.

	WILF: Use counts of 8 to help you to stay in time with each other and the music.  Resources: Barn Dance (Audio) Heel Tapping Boots (Audio) Country and Western (Document) Line Dancing Steps (Video)	Use counting to stay in time with each other and the music.  Work with your partner, sharing ideas.  Resources: Barn Dance (Audio) Heel Tapping Boots (Audio) Country and Western (Document) Line Dancing Steps (Video) Dance Grid (Document) Wild Country (Video)	WILF: Move with clear confident actions.  Use counting to stay in time with each other and the music.  Resources: Heel Tapping Boots (Audio) Line Dancing Steps (Video) Grapevine with Quarter Turn (Video)	Move with clear confident actions.  Use counts of 8 to help you to stay in time with each other and the music.  Resources: Superpowers (Video) Superpowers (Audio) Superpowers L1 (Document)	each other and the music.  Resources: Superpowers (Video) POW (Video) Superpowers (Audio) Superpowers L2 (Document)	Resources: Superpowers (Video) Pencils x 1 Superpowers (Audio) Our Comic Book Strip (Document)
P.E. – Football	WALT: To develop the attacking skill of dribbling.  WILF: Send the ball ahead of you whilst dribbling so that you can run with it.  Use all parts of your feet to control the ball.  Resources: Cones x 15 Footballs x 30 Dribbling with Feet (Video) Stretches for Games(PDF)	WALT: To develop changing direction and speed when dribbling.  WILF: Accelerate out of the change of direction into space.  Resources: Cones x 10 Footballs x 30 Stretches for Games (PDF) Turns (Video)	WALT: To develop passing and begin to recognise when to use different skills.  WILF: Finish with the inside of your kicking foot pointing towards your target.  The ball should start slightly in front of you.  Use your arms to balance your body when trying to kick.  Resources: Cones x 30 Footballs x 15 Passing (Video) Receiving the ball (Video) Stretches for Games (PDF).	WALT: To apply attacking skills to move towards a goal.  WILF: Look to see your target before passing.  Move quickly into a new space after passing.  Resources: Cones x 40 Footballs x 15 Stretches for Games (PDF)	WALT: To use defending skills to delay an opponent and gain possession.  WILF: Try to slow down your opponent down by moving slowly backwards in the direction that they are moving.  Resources: Cones x 40 Footballs x 15 Team bands x 15 Jockeying (Video) Stretches for Games (PDF)	WALT: To apply skills and knowledge to compete in a tournament.  WILF: Encourage others in your team and congratulate your opponents.  In between matches discuss with your team how to improve for your next match.  Resources: Cones x 30 Footballs x 3 Team bands x 30 Football Rules (PDF) Score Sheet Four Teams (PDF) Score Sheet Six Teams (PDF) Stretches for Games (PDF)
Computing Emailing	WALT:	WALT:	WALT: To know how to create an email with an attachment.	WALT:	WALT: To recognise when an email is not genuine	WALT: WILF:

To understand how we communicate with technology.  WILF: I can discuss early methods of communication.  I can identify which method of communication suits each purpose. I can explain what an email is.  Resources: Have ready Presentation: Communicating with technology.  Print in advance Resource: Communication resource cards (one between two).  Resource: Email example (see Differentiation).  Activity: Email template (one each).	To understand what emails are and how to send one.  WILF: I can log in and log out of my email account.  I can write an email to my teacher.  I can identify that emails can be used to send information around the world.  Resources: Watch Teacher video: Logging into Gmail Teacher video: Sending an email  Have ready  Presentation: Sending an email.  Access to a device (one each). Gmail accounts for each child.  A 'teacher' Gmail account for incoming emails from pupils.	WILF: I can log into my email account.  I can send an email with an attachment.  Resources: Have ready Presentation: Adding attachments.  Access to a device (one between two).  List of the class' emails (one between two  Downloads  Activity: My favourite animals (download to a shared folder/network).	To understand the importance of being kind online.  WILF: I can use positive language within an email.  I can recognise when online behaviour is unkind.  I can be a responsible digital citizen.  Resources: Watch Teacher video: Be kind online  Have ready Presentation: Be kind online  Access to a device (one between two).  Class email list (one between two).  Print in advance Activity: Positive phrases (support - see Differentiation).	WILF: I can recognise when an email might be fake.  I can recall that I shouldn't click on links in an email unless I know what it is. I can identify what to do if I suspect an email is fake.  Resources: Have ready Presentation: Fake emails.  Access to a device (one each).  Link: Interland's Reality River  Print in advance  Activity: Fake email reminder (one each).  Resource: Fake email examples (one between two).  Resource: Email example (support - see Differentiation).	Resources:
(one each).					